

Cons : Can Quality Healthcare Sustain Socialization

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Definition: Socialization is the process of learning about and adopting the social norms and values of society



UNIVERSAL HEALTHCARE - PRESENT CONCEPT

- Health is a fundamental human right
- Universal Health Care - idealist goal of every Government /Citizen
- Competent, ethical, empathetic and collaborative schemes to deliver high quality care
- On the job training mentorship and continuous professional of health care personnel to maintain quality



Universal Healthcare – Present Delivery Model

- Use of public funds through subsidised care

Ayushman Bharat

ESI

ECHS

State Schemes



Does current Practice Ensure Quality ????

- Reduces innovation, competition , professionalism
- Increased waiting time to see specialists
(41 weeks for a specialist consultation and 21 weeks for a diagnostic procedure in Canada as per 2017 data)
- Additional burden of private insurance due to lack of quality thereby paying for two systems
- Complex procedures and high cost diagnostics not covered

FREE CARE (UNNECESSARY CARE) LEADS TO ABUSE OF SYSTEM



COST (Public Spending) by the Government

- UK: 12% of the GDP
- US: 14% of the GDP
(1.38 trillion dollars per year)
- Failure of Obama care as evidenced in the form bankruptcy for Medicaid and Medicare



Care “Rationing”

- Preferential care due to socio – political compulsions
- Discrepancy in providing care leading to deterioration in quality
- No competitive edge to excel due to lack of incentives for doctors, R & D, Pharma companies
- Increased tax burden



My Dream –PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP

- Private Insurance – equal opportunity
- Choice to opt out of Universal Health Care
- Co- payment systems







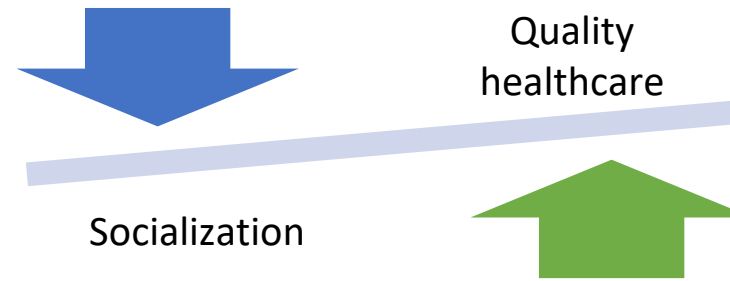


Can Quality healthcare sustain Socialization:?





What are the cons ?









Potential of `induced demand` by healthcare providers

- Unnecessary admissions & prolonged one day admissions for Insurance purpose
- Unnecessary diagnostic test
- Repetition of test done by others
- Over prescription
- Overdiagnosis

Increases the Health gap between poor and rich

- Care is allocated more according to ability to pay than need of care

Increased cost of care

- Healthcare bills of insured as well as out of pocket paying patients are exceeding the premium and estimates given.

90.4% IP cases were prescribed IV Protein therapy and supplements like Glutathione, arginine.

Normal Delivery cases were prescribed Klamantin for days more than needed.

TPA / Insurance cases are kept admitted for longer duration.

“Socialization of Health Care” in Vietnam: What Is It and What Are Its Pros and Cons? Nguyen X. Thanh, MD, PhD, MPH1,2,, Bach X. Tran, PhD1,2,3 , Arianna Wayne, PhD1 , Christa Harstall, MHSA1 , Lars Lindholm, PhD4 1 Institute of Health Economics, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada; 2 University of Alberta, School of Public Health, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada; 3 Department of Health Economics, Hanoi Medical University, Hanoi, Vietnam; 4 Umea International School of Public Health, Umea University, Umea, Sweden

